



Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College

**IMPORTANT NOTICE  
REGARDING YOUR REQUEST  
FOR MILITARY FAMILY LEAVE  
(COVERED SERVICEMEMBER)**

NAME:

Date:

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This will serve as official notification that this period of medical leave counts toward entitlement of Military Family Leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), which provides up to 26 weeks job-protected leave during a single 12-month period for eligible employees to care for a covered servicemember who has a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty on active duty.

SCP-2006 Employee Leave policy requires employees who have been absent longer than two consecutive work weeks, due to medical reasons for themselves or a family member, complete a request for medical leave and the supporting physician's statement. Failure to comply with policy may result in the employee being removed from the payroll.

Please refer to SCP-2006 for additional information regarding Employee Leave.

**Contact:**

Debbie Dingess in the Human Resources Office  
(304.896.7416 or [debbied@southern.wvnet.edu](mailto:debbied@southern.wvnet.edu))



## RETURN TO WORK AUTHORIZATION MEDICAL RELEASE FORM

### PHYSICIAN - COMPLETE IN ENTIRETY:

Patient's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify that the above-named employee has been under my professional care for:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Diagnosis)

Illness commenced: \_\_\_\_\_

(Date)

Employee is able to return to work on: \_\_\_\_\_

(Date)

Describe the functional limitations/restrictions, if any, caused by this condition:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Functional limitations listed may require an analysis of employee's Position Information Questionnaire (PIQ) for ADA accommodation)

Duration of limitations/restrictions, if any:  Permanent  Temporary

If temporary, indicate time period: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Signature of Physician*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Printed Name*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Address of Physician*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Telephone Number of Physician*

Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember - - for Military Family Leave (Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Employment Standards Administration  
Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1215-0181  
Expires: 12/31/2011

**Notice to the EMPLOYER INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER:** The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember to submit a certification providing sufficient facts to support the request for leave. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. § 825.310. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees or employees' family members, created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

**SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the COVERED SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE or COVERED SERVICEMEMBER:** Please complete Section I before having Section II completed. The FMLA permits an employer to require that an employee submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember. If requested by the employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA-protected leave. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to do so may result in a denial of an employee's FMLA request. 29 C.F.R. § 825.310(f). The employer must give an employee at least 15 calendar days to return this form to the employer.

**SECTION II: For Completion by a UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ("DOD") HEALTH CARE PROVIDER or a HEALTH CARE PROVIDER who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER:** The employee listed on Page 2 has requested leave under the FMLA to care for a family member who is a member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the Reserves who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list for a serious injury or illness. For purposes of FMLA leave, a serious injury or illness is one that was incurred in the line of duty on active duty that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness includes written documentation confirming that the covered servicemember's injury or illness was incurred in the line of duty on active duty and that the covered servicemember is undergoing treatment for such injury or illness by a health care provider listed above. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the employee is seeking leave.

Certification for Serious Injury or Illness  
of Covered Servicemember - - for  
Military Family Leave (Family and  
Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Employment Standards Administration  
Wage and Hour Division



**SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the COVERED SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave:** (This section must be completed first before any of the below sections can be completed by a health care provider.)

**Part A: EMPLOYEE INFORMATION**

Name and Address of Employer (this is the employer of the employee requesting leave to care for covered servicemember):

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Name of Employee Requesting Leave to Care for Covered Servicemember:

\_\_\_\_\_  
First Middle Last

Name of Covered Servicemember (for whom employee is requesting leave to care):

\_\_\_\_\_  
First Middle Last

Relationship of Employee to Covered Servicemember Requesting Leave to Care:

Spouse  Parent  Son  Daughter  Next of Kin

**Part B: COVERED SERVICEMEMBER INFORMATION**

(1) Is the Covered Servicemember a Current Member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or Reserves? \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No

If yes, please provide the covered servicemember's military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:

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Is the covered servicemember assigned to a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients (such as a medical hold or warrior transition unit)? \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No If yes, please provide the name of the medical treatment facility or unit:

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(2) Is the Covered Servicemember on the Temporary Disability Retired List (TDRL)? \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No

**Part C: CARE TO BE PROVIDED TO THE COVERED SERVICEMEMBER**

Describe the Care to Be Provided to the Covered Servicemember and an Estimate of the Leave Needed to Provide the Care:

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**SECTION II: For Completion by a United States Department of Defense (“DOD”) Health Care Provider or a Health Care Provider who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs (“VA”) health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider. If you are unable to make certain of the military-related determinations contained below in Part B, you are permitted to rely upon determinations from an authorized DOD representative (such as a DOD recovery care coordinator). (Please ensure that Section I above has been completed before completing this section.) Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.**

**Part A: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INFORMATION**

Health Care Provider’s Name and Business Address:

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Type of Practice/Medical Specialty: \_\_\_\_\_

Please state whether you are either: (1) a DOD health care provider; (2) a VA health care provider; (3) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (4) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

**PART B: MEDICAL STATUS**

(1) Covered Servicemember’s medical condition is classified as (Check One of the Appropriate Boxes):

- (VSI) Very Seriously Ill/Injured** – Illness/Injury is of such a severity that life is imminently endangered. Family members are requested at bedside immediately. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.)
- (SI) Seriously Ill/Injured** – Illness/injury is of such severity that there is cause for immediate concern, but there is no imminent danger to life. Family members are requested at bedside. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.)
- OTHER Ill/Injured** – a serious injury or illness that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the member’s office, grade, rank, or rating.
- NONE OF THE ABOVE** (Note to Employee: If this box is checked, you may still be eligible to take leave to care for a covered family member with a “serious health condition” under § 825.113 of the FMLA. If such leave is requested, you may be required to complete DOL FORM WH-380 or an employer-provided form seeking the same information.)

(2) Was the condition for which the Covered Service member is being treated incurred in line of duty on active duty in the armed forces? \_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_ No

(3) Approximate date condition commenced: \_\_\_\_\_

(4) Probable duration of condition and/or need for care: \_\_\_\_\_

(5) Is the covered servicemember undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy? \_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_ No. If yes, please describe medical treatment, recuperation or therapy:

**PART C: COVERED SERVICEMEMBER'S NEED FOR CARE BY FAMILY MEMBER**

- (1) Will the covered servicemember need care for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery?  Yes  No  
If yes, estimate the beginning and ending dates for this period of time: \_\_\_\_\_
  
- (2) Will the covered servicemember require periodic follow-up treatment appointments?  
 Yes  No If yes, estimate the treatment schedule: \_\_\_\_\_
  
- (3) Is there a medical necessity for the covered servicemember to have periodic care for these follow-up treatment appointments?  Yes  No
  
- (4) Is there a medical necessity for the covered servicemember to have periodic care for other than scheduled follow-up treatment appointments (e.g., episodic flare-ups of medical condition)?  Yes  No If yes, please estimate the frequency and duration of the periodic care:  
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Signature of Health Care Provider:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years, in accordance with 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution AV, NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE PATIENT.**

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

## Basic Leave Entitlement

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- for incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- to care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- to care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- for a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

## Military Family Leave Entitlements

Eligible employees whose spouse, son, daughter or parent is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post-deployment reintegration briefings.

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 26 weeks of leave to care for a covered servicemember during a single 12-month period. A covered servicemember is: (1) a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness\*; or (2) a veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness.\*

**\*The FMLA definitions of "serious injury or illness" for current servicemembers and veterans are distinct from the FMLA definition of "serious health condition".**

## Benefits and Protections

During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms as if the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.

Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

## Eligibility Requirements

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least 12 months, have 1,250 hours of service in the previous 12 months\*, and if at least 50 employees are employed by the employer within 75 miles.

**\*Special hours of service eligibility requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.**

## Definition of Serious Health Condition

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and

a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

## Use of Leave

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent basis.

## Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

## Employee Responsibilities

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedures.

Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave. Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

## Employer Responsibilities

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees' rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility.

Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA-protected, the employer must notify the employee.

## Unlawful Acts by Employers

FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to:

- interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA; and
- discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

## Enforcement

An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

**FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post the text of this notice. Regulation 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.**



For additional information:  
1-866-4US-WAGE (1-866-487-9243) TTY: 1-877-889-5627  
[WWW.WAGEHOUR.DOL.GOV](http://WWW.WAGEHOUR.DOL.GOV)

U.S. Department of Labor | Wage and Hour Division



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